

The EPA Recommendation for Sampling and Preservation of Water Samples

Table 1

(note 1)

Measurement	Minimum. Volume. Requirements (ml)	Container (note 2)	Preservative (notes 3)	Holding Time (note 4,5)
Metals				
Dissolved	300	P,G	Filter on site, HNO3 - pH below 2	6 Mos.
Total	600	P,G	HNO3 - pH below 2	6 Mos.
Chromium (Hexavalent)	150	P,G	Cool, 4 deg. C	24 Hrs.

Notes

1. More specific instructions for preservation and sampling are found with each procedure as detailed in this manual (**U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1983.** Sample preservation. pp.xv-xx. "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes," EPA-600/4-79-020. U.S.E.P.A., Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.) A general discussion on sampling water and industrial wastewater may be found in ASTM, Part 31, p. 72-82 (1976) Method D-3370

2. Plastic (P) or Glass (G). For metals, polyethylene with a polypropylene cap (no liner) is preferred.

3. Sample preservation should be performed immediately upon sample collection. For composite samples each aliquot should be preserved at the time of collection. When use of an automated sampler makes it impossible to preserve each aliquot, then samples may be preserved by maintaining at 4 deg. C until compositing and sample splitting is completed.

4. Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection. The times listed are the maximum times that samples may be held before analysis and still considered valid.